# When Mission and Market Forces Intersect:

A study of NAIS member schools navigating an economic recession

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### **Presentation Outline**

- Introduction
- **Discussion: Our Research Question** How did the recession impact financial processes and operations at independent schools?
- Project design: Our data and approach
  - NAIS database (1300 schools)
  - o National survey of heads and business managers (988 responses)
  - Case study schools (6 Southeastern schools)
- Findings
  - o Initial planning
  - o Enrollment trends
  - o Where schools stayed the course
  - o Where schools made adjustments
  - o Overarching lessons and themes
- Recommendations for NAIS member schools
- Questions and discussion

### What We Studied: Areas of Focus for Schools in the Recession

#### Database and Survey

Enrollment Financial Aid (Dollars) Financial Aid (Students) Tuition (Day) Tuition (Boarding) **Tuition Revenue Teacher Salaries** Total Revenue and Expenses PD Expenses **Technology Expenses** Parent Giving Alumni Giving Annual and Capital Giving International Students Extracurricular Programs (athletics, arts) PRRSM Marketing Endowment Debt

**Employee Benefits** 

#### Additional Areas of Focus <u>from Interviews</u>

Parent organization role School culture and community School leadership role Organizational learning School competition Budgeting process Programming Strategic planning School organization and communication School identity and selfperception Changes in constituencies

### Key Questions

How does the mission affect each area?

How does the market affect each area?

## **Findings**

#### How Far South is South? Initial Planning for the Recession

- 1. Schools planned conservatively.
- 2. Schools placed a priority on keeping current families on site.

#### Waiting Another Year: Unanticipated Enrollment Trends

1. Schools saw an extended admissions season.

2. Schools saw a decrease in enrollment at entry-grade levels.

3. As a result of planning for under-enrollment, some schools saw enrollment increase at certain grade levels.

#### Building on a Solid Foundation: Where Schools Stayed the Course

1. Schools made few or no cuts in academic programming.

- 2. Schools made small cuts in operations across the board.
- 3. Schools continued to meet the same or slightly increased annual giving goals.
- 4. Schools either continued or initiated capital campaigns and expansion projects.
- 5. Schools did not ignore endowment or its importance, but did not make it a top priority.

#### Doing More With Less: Where Schools Made Adjustments

- 1. Schools increased financial aid.
- 2. Many school raised faculty salaries cautiously.
- 3. Schools continued to increase tuition, but at a more modest rate.
- 4. Schools deferred physical plant maintenance.
- 5. Schools saw financial effects from an increase in online services.
- 6. Schools re-examined marketing efforts.
- 7. Some schools sought new constituencies for enrollment.
- 8. Schools re-examined the role of parent organizations and the purpose of community events.

9. Schools held themselves more accountable for connecting expenses to missions and programs.

#### The Lessons of Tough Times: Leadership, Community, and Continued Growth

- 1. A calm oasis in a storm: The importance of leadership amid uncertain economic times
- 2. Community is the strength of the school: *Retaining families and keeping community whole*
- 3. "If you aren't growing, you're dying." Why schools continued to evolve and build

## Recommendations

#### For further research:

- Study the differences in effects and decision-making between independent and other private schools;
- Investigate why and how enrollment shifted at individual independent schools;
- Study the causes and consequences of several key areas of school operations, including teacher retention, teacher workload and class size, and the age (or "life cycle") of schools.

#### For NAIS:

- Help schools understand and plan for the changing landscape of financial aid and admissions;
- Help schools prepare for the possibility that student populations will be comprised differently in the future;
- Devote attention to the role of parent associations and parent events;
- Collect data more consistently from non-independent private schools and other school competitors;
- Collect data from independent schools in key areas: marketing strategies, enrollment by grade, the effects of competition, and faculty salaries by variables such as tenure of employees.

#### For NAIS member schools:

- Consider the new landscape of financial aid and admissions and plan accordingly;
- Plan early and prudently (while still intending to grow and succeed) in times of crisis;
- Consider possible new populations for enrollment;
- Even in times of crisis, continue to set and work to meet new goals for physical, financial, and organizational growth;
- Invest in social media as a marketing tool;
- In an economic downturn, watch entry grade level enrollment carefully;
- Promote and structure organizational learning within the school to learn from change;
- Benchmark thoughtfully against similar NAIS schools in addition to non-NAIS schools in the immediate community or region;
- Focus on the internal school community;
- In all of these actions, stay true to the mission.